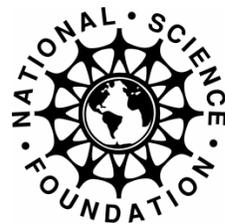


NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

**Performance Plan
2015**



INTRODUCTION

This performance plan is presented in two sections: the Office of Inspector General (OIG) Strategic Plan for 2013-2018, and the OIG Annual Plan which this year will cover the 12-month period from October 1, 2014, through September 30, 2015.

The *OIG Strategic Plan* (p. 2) identifies the OIG's vision, mission, basic values, five-year strategic focus, management challenges for the National Science Foundation (NSF), and core functions. It also includes the *OIG Workforce Plan* (p. 10) which describes the human capital needed to meet the office's strategic goals over the next three years.

The *OIG Annual Plan* (p. 14) describes the goals and strategies we will use to focus our operations over the next year to achieve our strategic objectives, as well as the measures we will use to determine our progress. Our goals include: (1) promoting NSF efficiency and effectiveness, (2) safeguarding the integrity of NSF programs and resources, and (3) using OIG resources effectively and efficiently.

The purpose of our performance plan is to present 1) OIG's broad priorities and objectives for the time period FY 2015 through FY 2020; 2) an estimate of resources needed to achieve these objectives, and 3) specific strategies and measures for the current year that will advance us toward accomplishing those objectives. We are committed to integrating this plan into our ongoing management system, assessing its progress on a regular basis, making adjustments as needed, and achieving our goals.

OIG Strategic Plan

VISION

We will use our diverse and talented staff to assist NSF in improving its programs and meeting the needs of the communities it supports. We will help prevent problems, address existing issues in a timely and proportionate manner, keep abreast of emerging challenges and opportunities, and facilitate positive change.

MISSION

Under the authority of the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, the OIG conducts independent and objective audits, investigations, and other reviews to provide effective oversight of NSF activities. Our specific aims are to promote the effectiveness and efficiency of NSF programs and operations and to safeguard their integrity. We strive to address the concerns of our stakeholders: the National Science Board (NSB), the Congress, NSF, the research communities, the Executive Branch, and the American public.

BASIC VALUES

Professionalism. We follow accepted technical and ethics standards of our disciplines; do our work fairly and thoroughly; represent our results accurately, objectively, and with a sense of proportion; and complete our work within a reasonable time so that it is available for relevant decisions.

Accountability. We take responsibility for the quality of the work we perform and promote integrity, objectivity, and consistency in all our efforts.

Flexibility. We make every effort to anticipate changing information, environmental conditions, and potential opportunities and obstacles; adjust our priorities and work methods as needed; and employ effective communications to increase the positive impact of change.

Innovation. We think creatively, adopt new ways of addressing issues tailored to unique circumstances, take reasonable risks in resolving problems, and build on successful processes to make them better.

Teamwork. We are respectful of others; seek common ground when differences occur; are honest, trustworthy, and straightforward; and are cooperative without compromising our independence. We engage employees at all levels in developing and continually improving our work methods and products.

5-YEAR STRATEGIC FOCUS

The OIG's strategy focuses primarily on providing independent oversight to ensure the effectiveness, efficiency, and integrity of NSF's business activities. We are not responsible for managing any NSF program operations, nor do we attempt to assess the scientific merit of research funded by the agency. Our oversight mission requires that we concentrate our resources on performing audits of the agency's financial statements and grant funds, monitoring management functions that may pose significant financial or other risks, investigating allegations of criminal behavior or other misconduct, and recommending proactive solutions to NSF management. In determining our priorities, we consider the results of prior audits and investigations and consult closely with the NSB and the Congress, NSF managers and staff, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and members of the research communities supported by NSF. Over the five-year period covered by this strategic plan, OIG has identified the following issue areas for priority attention:

- Resolving deficiencies in the administration of cooperative agreements.
- Improving grant administration.
- Strengthening contract administration.
- Ensuring proper stewardship of Recovery Act funds.
- Assessing NSF's management of the U.S. Antarctic Program.
- Monitoring NSF's actions to improve workforce management and the workforce environment.
- Monitoring NSF's management of budgetary challenges in a period of major fiscal constraints.
- Monitoring agency plans for a new headquarters.
- Participating in multinational efforts to harmonize differing views and methods of addressing research integrity issues.
- Assuring strong oversight of issues associated with the integrity of NSF employees and awardees.

Internal Audits of NSF. Through internal audits and reviews of NSF, the OIG will assess eight areas that have been identified either as management challenges to NSF or as government-wide priorities: (1) management of large facility projects and programs; (2) NSF's use of cooperative agreements for the construction of major research facilities; (3) grant and contract administration; (4) agency management of the transition to iTRAK, an integrated system that will replace NSF's financial accounting system in October 2014; (5) use of a shared services (cloud) environment for many NSF services and systems; (6) compliance with the Recovery Act; (7) management of the United States Antarctic Program; (8) conference spending, and (9) NSF's management of its relocation to new headquarters. In addition, OIG oversees the independent public accounting (IPA) firms that perform annual audits of NSF's financial statements and prepare the IT security reports required by the Federal Information Security Management Act.

External Audits. Audits of NSF awards generally focus on the risks that the auditee is: 1) making improper payments and 2) failing to comply with applicable federal and agency requirements. Consequently, OIG expects to continue allocating a significant portion of its resources to audits of selected high-risk awardees to evaluate their

financial accountability, underlying internal controls, and compliance with federal requirements and the terms and conditions of their NSF awards. OIG will continue to use its own staff, IPA firms, and other federal agencies under contract with OIG to conduct audits of high-risk programs and institutions.

In addition, in FY 2015, OIG will continue to participate in audits of the use of payroll certification for labor effort reporting. Payroll certification utilizes an entity's payroll system to provide automated information about personnel charges to federal awards. To determine if this methodology provides adequate accountability for awardees' salary and wage expenses, NSF OIG and the Department of Health and Human Services OIG are currently auditing a total of four universities with pilot projects using payroll certification. The audits are expected to be issued during FY 2015.

The Recovery Act gave NSF \$3 billion in February 2009. In September 2011, OMB told federal agencies that if these funds were not spent by September 30, 2013, they should reclaim them "to the extent permitted by law." The accelerated spending deadline increased the risks of unallowable cost transfers and spending Recovery Act funds for items that are unrelated to the awards to expend these funds before the new expiration date. To detect those risks OIG has augmented its analytical procedures for awards that NSF funded under the Act.

OMB Circular A-133 Audits. Audits performed under the Single Audit Act are intended to provide federal agencies with assurance that their awardees are properly accounting for and managing federal grant funds. NSF's substantial reliance on CPA audits performed under the Single Audit Act requires close OIG monitoring of their quality and dependability.

Investigations. We will continue to react promptly and effectively to allegations of fraudulent practices, while maintaining a focus on proactive measures such as prevention and detection of grant fraud. This will include, to the greatest degree possible in accord with budgetary constraints, outreach activities to ensure that NSF staff and awardees understand the rules and regulations that apply to them. It also includes efforts to determine if violations identified during individual investigations are more widespread, identify any that may undermine the integrity of the data upon which NSF relies, and evaluate indicators of grant fraud found during audits and other reviews.

We will continue to identify opportunities to assist awardee institutions, other government agencies, and other IG offices in deterring misconduct, fraud, and other violations. Within the federal IG community, we will continue to play a leadership role in the establishment of more effective coordination in the area of grant fraud prevention and detection and in promotion of best practices in the investigation of research misconduct. For example, over the past four years we have led a working group of OIGs to improve federal law enforcement efforts involving fraudulent Small Business Innovation Research Program/Small Business Technology Transfer Program (SBIR/STTR) grants. During that period, we have opened over 130 SBIR/STTR cases and expect our caseload in this area to continue to grow.

We will also continue our involvement in national and international discussions about the global impact of research misconduct. We have joined with other federal investigative agencies with Statutory Law Enforcement Authority to ensure

maintenance of the highest professional investigative standards through an effective peer review process. Finally, we will continue to lead IG community efforts to promote the use of government-wide suspension and debarment to protect taxpayer funds.

Management, Legal, Legislative, and External Affairs. The Office of Management, Legal, Legislative, and External Affairs (MLE) provides a full-range of professional legal and management services to OIG, facilitates communications with Congress, and manages public and external affairs. MLE was reorganized in 2013 to include staff that provide financial and administrative and support.

An important priority of MLE is to continually improve the performance management system within OIG, by more effectively integrating our annual OIG performance plan within the individual performance appraisal process. We will also look for ways to improve the efficiency of administrative functions. These initiatives will serve to enhance the productivity and effectiveness of OIG staff.

Management Challenges. To a significant extent, OIG's priorities are governed by its annual list of the most serious management and performance challenges facing NSF. In many cases, these difficult challenges will extend over at least the next several years, and they largely reflect the results of our past work, the priorities enunciated for the federal government by the Congress and the Administration, and our staff's knowledge of agency operations. Management challenges for the coming year will include:

- Establishing accountability over large cooperative agreements
- Improving grant administration
- Management of the U.S. Antarctic Program
- Encouraging the ethical conduct of research
- Managing programs and resources in times of budget austerity
- Moving NSF headquarters to a new building

CORE FUNCTIONS

In keeping with our statutory mission, we perform an oversight role and do not engage directly in program operating functions. Broadly speaking, our work may be divided into three functional areas: (1) *audits and reviews*, which provide information about how well systems function, determine whether activities comply with financial and compliance standards, and identify how systems can be improved; (2) *investigations*, which address allegations of serious civil, criminal, administrative or research misconduct; and (3) *education and outreach*, which establish and maintain effective communication between OIG and NSB, Congress, OMB, NSF, research communities, and other stakeholders. Such outreach is essential in facilitating our mission of promoting the efficiency and effectiveness of NSF programs and operations and safeguarding their integrity. In each area, we strive to focus on substantive matters, and are committed to perform our duties fairly and to work cooperatively without compromising our independence.

Certain issues require interdisciplinary coordination across these functional areas, such as information technology security. We aim to develop a coherent approach to computer security so that we can investigate possible security breaches, audit the capacity of NSF computer systems to withstand attempted intrusions, and develop

preventive measures to meet the security needs of both NSF and OIG. Such an approach is likely to involve teams composed of auditors, investigators, attorneys, and/or outside experts in information technology and related fields. This is one of several areas in which we believe interdisciplinary collaboration holds great promise for advancing our mission. Others include involving forensic auditors at early stages of investigations into alleged financial improprieties, creating teams of auditors and investigators to work on compliance issues, and bringing together scientists and auditors for comprehensive performance reviews of awardees.

Audits and Reviews

Most audits and reviews focus on the efficiency and effectiveness of NSF's programs and operations, as well as those of award recipients. We conduct financial and compliance audits, which primarily determine whether costs claimed by awardees are allowable, reasonable, and properly allocated and whether the awardees' internal control systems are adequate for monitoring their NSF awards. We are also responsible for performing an annual audit of NSF's financial statements, including an evaluation of agency internal controls and data processing systems.

We use data analytics to identify institutions to audit and what to audit at the selected institutions. Unlike traditional audit risk assessment techniques, which examine only selected transactions, data analytics enables auditors to examine 100 percent of transactions to pinpoint anomalies that need further research and may indicate improper use of NSF funds. By better identifying audit risk, we expect to increase the impact of audits and increase the rate at which questioned costs and funds put to better use are sustained by NSF management.

We focus our audits and reviews on issues of substantial concern and prospective importance to NSF and its goals. We select and design projects based on assessments of the risk involved in the activity to be reviewed and the likelihood that an audit or review would lead to improvements.

Focusing on Substantive Matters

- We consider program, management, and financial risks.
- We conduct our audits and reviews in accordance with government standards and in ways that assist NSF in pursuing its mission.
- We develop and explain our recommendations in terms of how they will improve NSF effectiveness and efficiency.
- We establish priorities for our work by selecting reviews that promise the greatest substantive benefit for NSF.

Conducting Reviews Fairly

- After we collect and analyze our data, we solicit feedback from the affected parties and give full consideration to their views.
- To ensure that our reports are thorough, fair, and accurate, we follow accepted quality control practices in the IG community and comply with all relevant federal and professional standards.

Working Cooperatively without Compromising our Independence

- We keep affected parties informed, invite them to identify issues of special concern, and endeavor to address the issues they identify.
- We seek to develop analyses and recommendations that enable NSF management and awardees to make improvements.
- We work with NSF managers and awardees to familiarize them with federal requirements and explore ways they can comply without undue burden.

Investigations

We are responsible for investigating possible wrongdoing involving organizations or individuals who submit proposals to, receive awards from, conduct business with, or work for NSF. We seek to perform focused, well-documented investigations addressing evidence of serious wrongdoing. When appropriate, the results of these investigations are referred to the Department of Justice or other prosecutorial authorities for criminal prosecution or civil litigation, or to NSF for administrative resolution. In addition, systemic issues identified in the course of investigations or investigative proactive reviews are brought to the attention of NSF management in order to increase the economy and efficiency of NSF programs and operations.

Investigating allegations of research misconduct, specifically falsification of data, fabrication of data, and plagiarism, is among our most important responsibilities. Research misconduct strikes at the core of NSF's mission and compromises the research enterprise, which operates increasingly on a global scale. It is therefore a special concern for our office.

Focusing on Substantive Matters

- We concentrate our investigative resources on the most serious cases, as measured by such factors as the amount of money involved, the seriousness of the alleged offenses or ethical violations, and the strength of the evidence.
- We give highest priority to cases that will directly affect future NSF activities, including cases that involve protecting the integrity of federal funding and decision-making processes, allegations of wrongdoing by NSF staff, and allegations that concern ongoing awards.
- We give priority to cases that will create significant issues for NSF management if they remain unresolved.
- Our research misconduct cases focus on serious violations of the ethical standards that are important to the scientific community.

Handling Cases Fairly

- Our investigative process includes internal review by staff who have not yet formed an opinion in the case and who bring different disciplinary perspectives to bear on it. Our reviews ensure that matters are kept in proportion and that similar matters are treated consistently.
- We make every effort to collect relevant information in a manner that minimizes the burden on the providers while also allowing a thorough analysis of the facts.

- We protect the privacy of investigative subjects by seeking information directly from them when appropriate. To the greatest extent practicable, we conduct our investigations discreetly to avoid inadvertent damage to reputations.
- We value timeliness and recognize that delay can undermine fairness. We give priority to resolving cases in which we have already contacted the subject of the investigation.
- We review past cases as a frame of reference for how to handle new cases, in order to foster consistency without sacrificing flexibility.

Working cooperatively without compromising our independence

- When handling allegations of research misconduct, we seek to accommodate variations in the investigative procedures at awardee institutions. We require that awardees follow fair and reasonable procedures consistent with NSF regulations.
- We work with awardee institutions to ensure that our investigations meet the expectations of all parties (NSF, OIG, and awardee) by articulating our concerns at the outset and offering assistance throughout.
- We explain our practices and procedures to all affected parties, and when we cannot share substantive information, we explain why.
- We coordinate our work closely with Department of Justice attorneys, law enforcement officers, research university administrators, and officials at other agencies and institutions.
- Based on our experience with research misconduct, we play a leadership role among federal agencies.

Education and Outreach

An effective education and outreach program is essential to the successful performance of our mission of preventing and detecting problems. Our outreach program also plays a key role in reinforcing NSF's support for the integrity of and compliance with its rules, policies, and procedures.

Outreach activities within NSF, such as our liaison efforts with the directorates, make us more accessible to managers and staff and increase the likelihood that we will hear about important issues within the agency. These activities also help educate NSF employees about their obligations to report alleged research misconduct and other issues of fraud, waste, and abuse. Through external outreach to the communities NSF supports, we help NSF foster the responsible use of government funds and promote integrity in government-supported research programs. We also communicate that our work focuses on matters of substantial concern to NSF and is done with sensitivity to the perspectives and practices of the research community.

Outreach activities are also a valuable learning tool for OIG staff, as they help familiarize us with NSF and its people, further our understanding of agency operations and the communities it serves, and keep us abreast of changing conditions. They also build trust among NSF staff in our ability to handle sensitive matters with tact, fairness, thoroughness, and a sense of proportion. Such trust is essential for our office to sustain high quality audits, reviews, and investigations.

Office-wide Functions

In addition to conducting audits and investigations, we pay special attention to developing our staff and rationalizing our operations and administrative processes. These practices support our core functions. To perform those functions well, we need a capable staff, sound policies and procedures, in-depth knowledge of NSF and the communities it serves, and a coordinated education and outreach effort.

We are committed to developing the skills of our staff through formal training, challenging work assignments, and a work environment that encourages teamwork, diversity, open communication, and learning. Through collaboration among staff members in the various disciplines represented in OIG, we help our staff develop a broader appreciation of the different aspects of effective performance in NSF-funded activities.

We continue to improve our management information systems and technologies to create a more productive and satisfying work environment, in which work is planned better and executed in accordance with office-wide priorities. We work with NSF to continue to improve human resource support, and manage our training resources effectively. Our individual performance plans are tied closely to the OIG annual plans.

OIG WORKFORCE PLAN

Overview. The NSF Office of Inspector General workforce plan serves as a guide for identifying human capital needs, developing and implementing solutions, and evaluating progress toward achieving OIG's strategic goals over the next three years. The plan represents our best estimate of how our current workforce will be adjusted in response to future challenges. OIG will update this plan each year in conjunction with its annual performance plan. In an era of tighter government budgets, we are committed to organizing our operations and using our people in the most efficient way possible.

Our current strategic plan describes issue areas on which we expect to focus attention over the next three years, including: agency management of large facilities, and its use of cooperative agreements for their construction; NSF procurement of services and administration of contracts; and the prevention, detection, and investigation of fraud and research misconduct. In the past, OIG has pursued a number of initiatives that have changed the way we work in order to maximize the productivity of our staff. Many of these initiatives are listed in our performance plan. For example:

- The Office of Audit (OA) uses software that extracts data from NSF and external sources, including general ledger data from awardees, to identify audit risk and to pinpoint anomalies for further research and analysis.
- OA was an early adapter of electronic workpapers that support improved resource allocation, track time and costs on audits, and produce reports on the status of audit recommendations.
- The Office of Investigation (OI) has completed its review of options for electronic management of case files to increase its efficiency and reduce the use of paper. OI has developed specific capabilities within its new electronic case management system and has beta-tested a number of these capabilities. Full deployment of the system is expected during this performance year.
- Our audit and investigative staffs utilize technology to better target high-risk situations.
- MLE will continue to support the operational divisions through a variety of means, including proactive legal-oriented training and document review and analysis.

OIG currently has 68 staff: in addition to the IG, 30 work in the audit and IT areas, 31 in investigations, 6 in MLE. Due to budget constraints, OIG's workforce has declined from 79 staff at the start of FY 2013, a decrease of 14 percent. Filling vacant positions will continue to receive high priority in coming years, subject to budgetary considerations.

In addition, NSF is planning to move to new offices in Alexandria VA during FY 2017. The new office space will present several workforce planning challenges. We expect that a significant portion of our workforce, which is already eligible for retirement, will take the move as an opportunity to retire rather than go through the disruption of changing their workplace. The new office space also will effectively limit the number of staff we can house at headquarters to 81 (including contractors). As a result, management will focus attention on succession planning, the appropriate use of telework, and other steps necessary to accommodate this transition over the next 3 years.

Audits. OA has strengthened its in-house information technology audit capability, which enables greater control over the audit process, resulting in better quality and more timely audits at a lower price. In addition, OA continues to audit cooperative agreements for the construction of large facility projects. In particular, it audits budgets for and the use of contingency funds. To undertake all this audit work, OA uses its staff as well as IPA firms and DCAA under agreement with OIG.

Internal performance audit and other work will address federal and OIG priorities, including: 1) the adequacy of cooperative agreements that NSF utilizes for the construction of large research facilities; 2) assessing NSF's management of the United States Antarctic Program; 3) the relocation of NSF offices from Arlington, Virginia, to Alexandria Virginia, currently planned to occur by December 30, 2016; 4) implementation of iTRAK, a foundation-wide initiative, which replaced NSF's legacy financial accounting system in October 2014, with an integrated, commercial-off-the-shelf financial system; 5) use of a shared services (cloud) environment for many NSF services and systems; 6) agency management of its travel card program; 7) NSF compliance with the FY 2012 Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act (IPERA); and 8) the agency's expenditures on conferences.

Internal audits will also include audits mandated by law, such as the annual Financial Statements Audit and the related Federal Information Security Management Act independent evaluation report.

Information Technology: During the past year, the AIG for Audit became OIG's Chief Information Officer and added the responsibility for managing the IT requirements of our office. In FY 2015 OIG will be reducing its use of KMS, as certain functions move toward other platforms (e.g., e-Loc for investigative case management). We will support the implementation of other enterprise systems, and upgrade our existing computers and communication devices to increase mobility and versatility.

Investigations. Our investigative cases continue to become more complex, requiring increased interaction with NSF, institutional administrators, international organizations, and the Department of Justice and other prosecutorial authorities in order to bring about effective resolutions. The impact of the Attorney General's grant of Statutory Law Enforcement Authority has been great. The workload of our Office of Investigations came under greater stress as we incorporated the mandatory requirements of that status into our practice while absorbing the departure of three members of OI's professional staff without replacement, due to budgetary constraints. In addition, the Office of Investigations serves as the focal point within the agency for investigating allegations of research misconduct and making recommendations for appropriate actions when such allegations are substantiated. We have experienced a 300 percent increase in both the number of allegations received and the number of substantive investigations conducted over the past decade. As these trends continue and budgets allow, we would like to recruit at least one *additional* scientific investigator, special agent, and investigative attorney and recruit one forensic auditor in order to handle the increased workload in the areas of civil/criminal cases, research misconduct cases, and outreach efforts to prevent and detect fraud, waste and abuse.

In recent years, an important component of the resolution of a growing number of our institutional cases has been a compliance agreement. This is a compact between the institution, NSF management, and OIG that requires the institution to implement a set of specific management controls to ensure that federal regulations on the handling of grant funds are fully observed. While extremely effective at stimulating institutional change, such agreements require follow-up by OIG to ensure that the actions to which an institution has committed have in fact been performed and that corrective actions taken are coordinated with appropriate personnel. Further, OIG has taken a lead role in the IG community in addressing questions of fraud within the SBIR/STTR Programs and in the effort to increase the use of suspension and debarment authority as an important tool to protect federal grant funds. Like compliance plan monitoring, these efforts are essential to ensuring the protection of federal funds and also come at a significant staffing cost. The Office of Investigations will need to continue to recruit staff with exceptional legal, administrative, and communications skills to conduct these critical functions.

In response to the America COMPETES Act, NSF established a requirement that grantees establish plans for Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR) training programs. We have developed a format to survey grantee RCR plans and programs and worked with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to obtain a waiver from the Paperwork Reduction Act so that we can review a substantive number of grantee plans and programs. OMB has approved our request. However, as a result of personnel shortages and increased workload, we remain unable to proceed with our plan to review 50 grantee plans and provide the agency with our assessment of grantee efforts to address the RCR training requirement. With efforts underway to increase staff strength, we expect to initiate this review during FY 14-15.

Over the next few years we will continue to focus on proactive reviews that result in the detection of grant fraud and the deterrence of fraudulent behavior. Based on recent investigative experience, we have initiated proactive reviews that have been remarkably successful in detecting fraud and mismanagement through improved targeting of high-risk institutions and activities. These efforts have included ARRA awards and have benefitted from the use of forensic analysts with financial and computer system skills.

Prevention activities also include outreach to ensure that NSF staff and awardees understand the rules and regulations that apply to them. As NSF programs have increased in funding, complexity, and number, OIG has seen a commensurate increase in requests from universities, research institutions, and individual researchers for presentations and information. Due to budgetary constraints, however, we have not had the funds or personnel to adequately respond to this demand in the research community. We have had to reduce the number of outreach events and largely limited them to the local area unless remote participation through webinars, etc. was possible.

Management, Legal, Legislative, and External Affairs. MLE was created in FY 2013 through a merger of the office's legal, legislative and external affairs functions with its administrative activities. MLE will continue to provide timely and comprehensive legal services and advice to OIG as needs arise. During FY 2015 MLE expects to hire an Assistant Counsel in order to ensure that the Office's legal needs are fully supported. This will include proactive measures, such as training, which will be aimed at identifying and addressing problems at an early stage.

In the realm of public and external affairs, we plan to evaluate the effectiveness of OIG's website and make adjustments to advance greater transparency and utility. Finally, a future objective for MLE is to build a capability to conduct inspections and evaluations (IE) of NSF's operations and activities and to deploy our resources toward projects, which will have the most impact and which are responsive to the needs of our stakeholders. Among other things, we will maintain an on-going plan for future IE projects that is both robust and flexible enough to accommodate changing priorities.

The office's administrative staff reorganized during FY 2014, shedding its IT responsibilities and streamlining its administrative support function. We are also continuing to work on an integrated performance management system within OIG, with a more effective integration of our annual OIG performance plan with the individual performance appraisal process.

Summary. Due to the difficult budget environment that has prevailed in recent years, OIG has been forced to reduce its staff by 14 percent since the start of FY 2013. As funding returns to more normal levels, OIG is selectively hiring. Our intention is to increase the number of professional staff throughout the office, while streamlining administrative work as much as practical. Over the next year, OIG intends to hire 3 auditors, 2 investigators, and 1 Assistant Counsel.

OIG Annual Plan October 1, 2014–September 30, 2015

OIG GOALS

We have three goals that provide the framework for our performance plan:

1. *Promote NSF efficiency and effectiveness.*
2. *Safeguard the integrity of NSF programs and resources.*
3. *Utilize OIG resources effectively and efficiently.*

Our success is directly related to how well NSF accomplishes its programmatic responsibilities. Consequently, we will ensure that our work focuses on priority agency issues and that we provide useful, timely feedback to agency managers, the National Science Board (NSB), and the Congress. This plan covers the period from October 1, 2014-September 30, 2015.

Goal 1

Promote NSF Efficiency and Effectiveness

Goal 1 involves increasing OIG's impact on NSF's effectiveness and efficiency. In recent years, we have identified a wide range of issues concerning NSF management and operations, analyzed their causes, and made recommendations for improvements to the cognizant agency managers. In some cases, despite our efforts, issues previously identified have continued to pose problems for NSF. Recognizing that we play an advisory role and have limited control over how issues are ultimately resolved, we believe we can make our work achieve better results for NSF. The following performance measures and strategies describe the steps we will take to increase our impact on NSF effectiveness and efficiency.

How We Will Measure Progress

Specific strategies and actions for accomplishing this goal are listed on the following page, along with a set of performance measures intended to ensure that each action is fully implemented and that the efficiency and effectiveness of the agency will be improved as a result.

STRATEGIES AND ASSOCIATED ACTIONS

In order to achieve this goal, we plan to accomplish the following specific strategies and actions:

1. Identify and implement approaches to improve product quality and timeliness.

- *Utilize computer-assisted data analytics on at least 80 percent of OIG- or IPA-performed incurred cost audits and 50 percent of internal performance audits issued during this performance year.*
- *Complete 50 percent of OIG internal audit products performed by OIG staff within 1 year of the engagement letter.*
- *Ensure work remains on schedule through weekly tracking and monitoring of the status of the teams' audits and other reviews.*
- *Issue at least two internal quality control review reports during the performance year.*
- *Issue the annual internal control and quality assurance report, as required by Government Auditing Standards.*
- *Enhance investigative case deployment of e-Loc, a new Investigations case management system.*
- *Ensure investigations proceed in a thorough and prompt manner through monthly case status reviews.*
- *Complete legal assignments within established timeframes.*
- *Track all congressional and media requests, thereby ensuring timely responses.*
- *Review all OIG policies and update as needed.*
- *Implement an Administrative S.O.P. as appropriate.*
- *Review records practices and develop approaches for enhancements.*

We will use the following measures to assess progress in implementing this strategy:

- Percent of OIG or IPA-performed audits issued during the performance year that use computer-assisted data analytics.
- Percent of OIG-performed audit products completed within one year of the engagement letter date.
- Weekly tracking and monitoring of the status of audits and other reviews for each audit team.
- Issuance of internal quality control review reports for at least two team/divisions.
- Completion of an annual internal quality control review report.
- New investigations case management system e-Loc is fully deployed and staff training is initiated.
- Completion of MLE policy review.
- Percent of legal assignments completed within agreed upon timeframes.
- Percent of timely responses to congressional and media requests; implementation of an effective tracking tool.

- Written assessment of certain records practices with recommendations for improvement, as needed.

2. Strengthen our focus by refining approaches for selecting work and setting priorities.

- *Develop the annual audit plan.*

We will use the following measures to assess progress in implementing this strategy:

- Completion of the annual audit plan.

Goal 2

Safeguard the Integrity of NSF Programs and Resources

In order to properly safeguard the integrity of NSF programs and resources, OIG must continually enhance its ability to detect and address improper, inappropriate, or illegal activities; and balance reactive and proactive approaches in order to achieve maximum preventive effect. NSF and the education and research communities must show a high level of integrity in the expenditure of public funds and in the conduct of their efforts to maintain public confidence in government-funded research and education efforts. These endeavors, moreover, cannot function effectively if researchers and educators cannot rely on their colleagues to produce and represent their results with integrity. When problems of integrity occur, they must be dealt with in a fair and responsible manner. OIG conducts activities to promote sensitivity to ethics in research and to help NSF reduce such abuses as falsification of data, plagiarism, fabrication of data, and misuse of government funds. The following performance measures and strategies describe the steps we will take to safeguard the integrity of NSF programs and resources.

How We Will Measure Progress

Specific strategies and actions for accomplishing this goal are listed on the following page, along with performance measures intended to ensure that each action is fully implemented. The performance measures reflect how well we are safeguarding the integrity of programs and resources.

STRATEGIES AND ASSOCIATED ACTIONS

In order to achieve this goal, we plan to accomplish the following specific strategies and actions:

1. Detect and address improper, inappropriate, or illegal activities.

- *Evaluate use of Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act (PFCRA) authorities in appropriate cases.*
- *Evaluate use of suspension and debarment for all cases as appropriate.*
- *Ensure that Government Auditing Standards are followed regarding non-compliance with laws and regulations, and that the Office of Audits notifies the Office of Investigations as appropriate when evidence of potential fraudulent activity appears.*
- *Ensure that OIG staff understand legal, legislative, and administrative matters that may impact their work.*

We will use the following measures for assessing progress in implementing this strategy:

- Number of cases considered for processing as PFCRA actions.
- Number of cases considered for suspension or debarment.
- Successful completion of peer review by Office of Audit indicating that professional standards were followed.
- Number of legal, legislative, and/or administrative process updates and briefings.

2. Strengthen OIG proactive and outreach activities.

- *Track investigations initiated through Proactive Review (PR) efforts to determine adequacy of PR planning and development.*
- *Improve availability of whistleblower protection information through outreach and education initiatives.*
- *Utilize PR group brainstorming sessions to generate new proactive ideas.*
- *Review Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR) training plans at selected universities.*
- *Utilize research-related blogs for identifying potential research misconduct cases.*

We will use the following measures for assessing progress in implementing this strategy:

- Track and assess cases/Management Implication Reports (MIR) generated through PRs and review PR process.
- Include whistleblower protection information on OIG webpage and other internal and external vehicles for delivering outreach.
- Conduct at least three brainstorming sessions to generate proactive ideas.
- Number of university RCR plans reviewed.
- Number of A-cases initiated based on research-related blog information.

3. Refine financial investigative capabilities.

- *Leverage existing audit and investigative information.*
- *Ensure timely and effective use of external forensic financial analysis.*

We will use the following measures for assessing progress in implementing this strategy:

- Number of cases in which past audits and A-133 audits were reviewed.
- Number of weeks we receive status reports from forensic analysis contractor.

Goal 3

Utilize OIG Resources Effectively and Efficiently

The effective and efficient utilization of OIG resources requires us to: continue to strengthen our management and planning tools and techniques; fully develop, plan for, and utilize OIG personnel; ensure that managers and staff have tools and resources necessary to accomplish their duties and responsibilities; and promote effective internal and external communications. Our success depends on our ability to pull together as an organizational unit, make effective use of our limited resources, overcome internal divisions, develop an effective infrastructure for management, draw on resources external to our own organization, and focus our efforts on issues important to NSF. We have a diverse and talented workforce whose backgrounds and skills range beyond what one would find in a typical OIG. To effectively capitalize on our internal diversity, we must ensure a common understanding of office priorities, open communications both within our office and with outside organizations, and fully coordinated efforts to accomplish our goals.

How We Will Measure Progress

Specific strategies and actions for accomplishing this goal are listed on the following page, along with performance measures intended to ensure that each action is fully implemented, and that as a consequence, OIG resources are being managed effectively and efficiently.

STRATEGIES AND ASSOCIATED ACTIONS

In order to achieve this goal, we plan to accomplish the following specific strategies and actions:

1. Strengthen and utilize the professional expertise of all OIG staff.

- *Analyze the 2014 Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey (FEVS) results and develop and implement corrective actions for any problems identified.*
- *Identify residual functionality of KMS after e-Loc and Teammate deployment is complete.*
- *Conduct IT training, as necessary.*
- *Provide prompt, effective responses to requests for IT support.*
- *Identify and replace outdated computers, servers, printers, copiers, and related equipment as needed.*
- *Develop and deploy an in-house digital forensics capability to support the acquisition, identification, and analysis of evidence relating to OIG investigations subject to budget availability.*
- *Have 50 percent of OA professional staff professionally certified (CPA, CIA, CISA, CFE) as of September 30, 2015.*
- *Have 10 percent of OA professional staff who do not have a professional certification working toward a professional certification as of September 30, 2015.*
- *Have 40 percent of OA professional staff with advanced degrees as of September 30, 2015.*
- *Conduct exit surveys with all departing staff to obtain feedback on any issues and areas for office improvement.*
- *Conduct all-hands Office of Audit meetings at least quarterly.*
- *Complete Investigations-training identified in Individual Development Plans.*
- *Maintain and verify investigative training records for compliance with approved Individual Development Plans.*
- *Conduct I-Group meetings at least quarterly.*
- *Conduct training for all staff on government information practices, such as Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts.*
- *Coordinate training on human resources matters.*

We will use the following measures for assessing progress in implementing this strategy:

- Analysis of FY 2014 FEVS results as they pertain to OIG.
- Completion of KMS evaluation.
- Delivery of training in the use of IT systems and software deemed appropriate.
- Increase in level of staff satisfaction with IT support, as reflected in the new employee survey.
- Replacement of outdated equipment as funds allow; level of satisfaction with office equipment in survey.
- Full deployment of digital forensics capability or progress toward that end.
- Percent of OA staff with professional certifications (CPA, CIA, CISA, CFE) as of September 30, 2015.

- Percent of OA staff without a professional certification working toward a professional certification as of September 30, 2015.
- Percent of staff with advanced degrees (i.e., post baccalaureate degrees) as of September 30, 2015.
- Percent of exiting staff with who exit surveys was conducted.
- Number of all-hands audit staff meetings.
- Number of classes completed on Individual Development Plans.
- Number of core competency classes completed.
- Number of I-Group meetings held.
- Completion of training focused on government information practices.
- Completion of training on human resources topics.
- Development of administrative procedure flowchart.

2. Improve communication and collaboration within OIG.

- *Ensure information exchange and referrals between the audit, investigation, LLE and administrative units.*
- *Use office-wide committees for completion of various OIG projects and activities.*
- *Provide briefings on significant cases/issues at OI meetings.*
- *Review all OIG policies and update as needed.*

We will use the following measures for assessing progress in implementing this strategy:

- Number of referrals among operating units of OIG.
- Number of cross-organizational committees and their effectiveness.
- Number of briefings on significant cases/issues provided at OI meetings.
- Number of office-wide policies reviewed and updated.

3. Ensure effective external communications and consultation with our stakeholders.

- *Produce timely external reports on OIG activities and results.*
- *Provide testimony and other requested information to congressional committees within a timely manner.*
- *Provide response to media inquiries within timeframes agreed upon.*
- *Provide briefings to the National Science Board (NSB), Congress, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), NSF, and others regarding OIG plans, priorities, and progress.*
- *Prepare timely OIG budget requests.*
- *Update NSF leadership regularly on OIG activities and concerns.*
- *Collaborate with federal and international agencies to advance common audit, investigative, and management goals.*
- *Provide leadership and active participation in the IG community.*
- *Conduct active, effective outreach to NSF and the research community, including professional associations of higher learning and scientific research, to the degree possible under tight fiscal restraints.*
- *Post audit reports, which have been redacted as necessary, to the OIG website within the required timeframe after issuance.*
- *Promptly process FOIA/PA requests and appeals.*

- *Provide briefings to new employee orientations, program manager seminars, and NSF Grants Conferences.*
- *Review OIG website for necessary modifications and enhancements.*

We will use the following measures for assessing progress in implementing this strategy:

- Number of Semiannual Reports, OIG Performance Reports, and other reports completed by prescribed target dates.
- Number of testimonies, responses to questions, and other information submissions provided at the request of congressional committees.
- Number of briefings provided to NSB members/committees, Congressional staff or members, OMB staff, NSF staff, and others.
- Completion of budget requests in compliance with established deadlines.
- Number of update meetings with the NSF Director and Deputy Director.
- Number of participations with other federal and international agencies in joint training, collaborative projects, Recovery Act coordination, and the development of policies and procedures to advance common audit, investigative, and management goals.
- Number and nature of participation in activities within the IG community, particularly the number of committees and task forces on which OIG staff served.
- Number of outreach activities by OIG staff to NSF and the research community.
- Percentage of audit reports posted to OIG website within required timeframe after legal review and any necessary redactions in place.
- Percentage of FOIA/PA milestones met.
- Number of briefings at new employee orientations, program manager seminars, and Regional Grants Conferences.
- Convene one conference on Research Misconduct/Responsible Conduct of Research, suspension/debarment, or grant fraud.
- Improvements to OIG website as needed.
- Number of Congressional and media requests that have been responded to within agreed upon time frames.