

NSF AST Town Hall January 6, 2014

Patricia Knezek & Jim Ulvestad



Observatory



Spectrum

Management

Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope

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Outline

- AST Division: Staff Changes, Key Events since May 2013
- Science and Technical Highlights
- Status of Response to Decadal Survey
- Proposed Principles for Access to Data, Projects & Facilities
- The Budget
- Portfolio Review Status
- Astronomy and Astrophysics Research Grants (AAG)



Patricia Knezek: Deputy Division Director, Mar. 2013



- Dana Lehr: Program Officer, returned to role as NRAO Program Manager
- Jeff Pier: Program Officer, retired in Jan. 2013



Vern Pankonin: Senior Advisor, now NOAO Program Manager



Glen Langston: Program Officer, Feb. 2013, working on spectrum management and grants programs



Ilana Harrus: Program Officer, Feb. 2013, on detail in the Office of International and Integrative Activities (OIIA) working on Major Research Instrumentation (MRI) program



AST Scientific Staff Changes Since Jan. 2013



Dave Boboltz: Program Officer, Mar. 2013, managing National Solar Observatory and TCAN grants program



Andrew Clegg: Spectrum Management & EARS, leaving on Jan. 10



• Rotators finished: Katharina Lodders, Tom Statler



Ed Ajhar concludes term at end of Jan. 2014, Dan Evans will take over as Individual Investigator Program lead



New rotators: Jim Neff (Stellar Astronomy and Astrophysics) and Joan Schmelz (Astronomy and Astrophysics Postdoctoral Fellowships) arrived in Aug. and Sept., respectively



Key AST Events Since May 2013

- June: Mid-Scale Innovations Program solicitation released NSF FY 2013 Operating Plan approved
- July: Dr. France Cordova named new NSF director (Confirmation still pending)
- July: NSF TCAN awards made
- August: ATST (now DKIST) rebaseline approved by NSB Dark Energy Survey began on Blanco Telescope
- August/Sept: ALMA Chilean employees strike/settled
- October: Federal government lapse in appropriations
- November: GPI first light
- December: LSST Final Design Review

ATST renamed Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope

The Telescope Formerly Known as ATST

DKIST renaming ceremony, Dec. 15, 2013



- Telescope renamed the Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope (DKIST)
- Operational status scheduled for mid-2019

Coude rotator construction in Rockport, IL







ALMA

NGC 253 position-velocity diagram, showing CO outflow in extensive wind from starburst region



Bolatto et al., Nature, 499, 450 (2013) Credit: Erik Rosolowsky, Univ. Alberta/ALMA (ESO/NAOJ/NRAO)

- Last antenna accepted in 2013
- Now > 50 antennas at high site
- Almost 1400 proposals submitted by > 3400 international astronomers for Cycle 2
- Oversubscription rate > 10:1
- Final construction activities under way



CTIO/Blanco:Dark Energy Survey (DES)

- NSF/DOE collaboration, 5-yr survey, 525 nights
 - NSF supplies telescope, camera from DOE
- Survey began August 31, 2013, on CTIO 4m



01/06/2014



Gemini Planet Imager (GPI)

• GPI shipped to Chile, installed on Gemini-South in August

- First light occurred on night of November 11/12
- Public availability expected in 2014, Semester 2





New "Flicker Method to Measure Surface Gravity of Stars

- Measures short-term (<8 hours) brightness variations, or "flicker"
- High surface gravity = higher flicker frequency (finer granulation)
- Low surface gravity = lower frequency (coarser granulation)
- Simpler than photometry, spectroscopy, asteroseismology
- Combined with temperature measurements, will reduce uncertainties in stellar radii by factor of two
- Useful for testing stellar evolution models and deriving more accurate densities for hundreds of exoplanets
- Graduate student-led discovery (Fabienne Bastien, Vanderbilt)

Nature, 2013, 500, 427. Bastien, Stassun, Basri, Pepper. AST-0849736, AST-1009810 (PI=Stassun)



Simulations of granulation patterns on the surface of the Sun, sub-giant and giant stars are shown. The scale of each simulation is proportional to the size of the blue image of earth next to it. (Credit: Courtesy of R. Trampedach, JILA/CU Boulder, CO)



Gas giant discoveries: New phase of water discovered and improved M-R relationships



Credit: Hugh F. Wilson, et al. ©2013 American Physical Society.

- Structure of super-ionic ice in (left) the bcc phase and (right) the newly discovered and more stable fcc phase. Super-ionic ice: O atoms fixed in lattice, H atoms migrate.
- Ab initio molecular dynamics simulations show that new phase of super-ionic water 'ice' could dominate interiors of Uranus and Neptune.
- Results imply Uranus and Neptune interiors are denser, and electronic conductivity in reduced. This may be relevant to modeling their unusual non-axisymmetric non-dipolar magnetic fields.



Temperature-density profile of three planets with region of new densities indicated by arrow.

• Improved H-He equation of state for giant planets lead to revised mass-radius relationship for giant exoplanets. Hottest exoplanets increase in radius by ~0.2 R_{Jup.} Change large enough to have implications for some discrepant "inflated giant exoplanets."

Wilson, Wong & Militzer 2013, Phys Rev Lett., 110, 15, 1102; Militzer & Hubbard, 2013, Astrophys. J, 774, 148; Militzer 2013, Phys Rev B, 87, 14202 (AST-1008045, PI=Burkhard Militzer).



Decadal Survey Status



Decadal Survey (NWNH) Status

- LSST is in FY 2014 President's request, Final Design Review held in December
- MSIP is in FY 2014 President's request, solicitation was released, and pre-proposals are under evaluation
- NSF and community participating in TMT Board, Science Advisory Committee, via planning award
- Only Cerenkov Telescope Array (CTA) opportunity MSIP
- Only CCAT opportunity MSIP
- "Small" recommendations: TCAN (Theoretical and Computational Astrophysics Network) started with NASA, no funds available for other recommended increases



LSST

In President's MREFC budget request for FY 2014

- Goal of starting NSF construction in July 2014
- NSF Final Design Review held December 2-6
- DOE camera construction not started in FY 2013 due to Continuing Resolution; in FY 2014 Budget Request





Proposed Principles for Access to Astrophysics Data, Projects, and Facilities



Background

- In 2013 report, Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee (AAAC) recommended agency consideration of principles for access to astrophysics data, projects, and facilities
 - Motivated partly by upcoming LSST construction, Euclid, WFIRST, and desire to optimize opportunities for US community
 - Office of Science & Technology Policy, NSF AST, NASA Astrophysics, and DOE HEP met throughout the summer to develop proposed principles
- Agencies presented suggested principles to AAAC in November 2013; AAAC is now working on its own formal recommendation to agencies



Intent of Agencies

- From NASA Astrophysics Division, NSF Division of Astronomical Sciences, DOE Office of High Energy Physics
 - Apply principles to all large astrophysics projects and facilities funded by these organizations
 - Apply principles to international collaborations, interagency collaborations, and partnerships with other public and private entities
 - Assess all proposed large astrophysics projects and facilities against these principles before deciding to undertake them
 - Discuss these principles with our partners in current and future large astrophysics partnerships and facilities
- If agencies deviate significantly from these principles, reason for deviation should be articulated explicitly



Five Proposed Principles

- Global Coordination to Optimize Use of Constrained Resources
 - Use resources effectively, efficiently, and without unnecessary duplication
- Open Data
 - Accessibility of data in a scientifically useful form; may include period of limited access
- Open Access
 - Merit-based process, with opportunity for some preferred access to contributors
- Opportunity to Contribute
 - Openly advertised criteria for collaboration membership
- Reciprocity
 - Those desiring access to resources should offer similar access to their own resources



The Budget



Impacts of Lapse in Appropriations

- LSST Final Design Review postponed from October to December
- NRAO-North America shut down because of lack of FY 2014 funds, several other facilities were close to depleting FY 2013 funds
- Mid-Scale Innovations Program schedule was delayed approximately one month
 - Invitation letters in January, full proposals due in March 2014



NSF Budget History, 2007-2014

Year	Pres. Req. for NSF	NSF Approp	Pres. Req. for AST	AST Approp
2007	\$6020	\$5884	\$215.1	\$215.4
2008	\$6429	\$6084	\$233.0	\$217.9
2009 ARRA	\$6854	\$6469 + \$2402	\$250.0	\$228.7 + \$85.8
2010	\$7045	\$6972	\$250.8	\$246.5
2011	\$7424	\$6913	\$251.8	\$236.8
2012	\$7767	\$7105	\$249.1	\$234.7
2013	\$7373	\$6884	\$244.6	\$232.5
2014	\$7626	???	\$243.6	???

- NSF and AST received regular appropriations close to the request only in 2007 and 2010
- After 2010, appropriations flattened/decreased



FY 2013 Budget for Mathematical and Physical Sciences Directorate

\$1250M (-4.5%)



AST Budget, FY 2013=\$232.55M

Program	\$M	Program	\$M
Nat. Fac.	132.57	AAPF	2.19
AAG	42.44	Spec. Proj.	2.12
URO	10.76*	REU	2.00
ATI	8.66	PAARE	0.91
LSST D&D	7.50	Education	0.50
Mid-scale	7.34	GSMT (TMT)	0.25
EARS	6.00*	Expenses	3.74
CAREER	4.59	Misc.	0.98

- *URO included \$4.5M in FY14 forward funding
- *EARS funding of \$6.0M was added to AST budget

FY14/FY15 Budgets

- Good news in President's FY 2014 Request
 - Strong support of NSF overall
 - LSST funding is requested in MREFC line
 - Mid-Scale Innovations Program start
- House and Senate committees used different funding assumptions for FY 2014, and thus produced different budgets for NSF
 - Budget "agreement" has not resulted in an NSF budget number or an appropriation
 - FY 2014 outcome remains in doubt
- President's FY 2015 request is in preparation

Portfolio Review

Portfolio Review Budget Scenarios

AST Strategy to 2020 and Beyond

Major Facilities

Mid-Scale Innovations

01/06/2014

Portfolio Review Status

- AST issued Dear Colleague Letter NSF 14-022 on December 20, 2013
 - Lays out future steps for all telescopes that were either recommended for divestment in the near term or for future consideration
 - NSF will begin formal consideration of alternatives for a number of telescopes, while consideration of some others awaits specific external milestones
- FY14 and FY15 budget outcomes could constrain options

Astronomy and Astrophysics **Research Grants** (AAG)

01/06/2014

AAG Now and Future

- FY13: 112/758 proposals = 15% funding rate
 - Desire >20% funding rate for best merit review
- Number of FY14 proposals ≈ FY13 proposals
- AAG is the only large capacitor to absorb shortfalls
 - Under consideration: reducing frequency of AAG calls, restricting numbers of proposals per investigator/institution
 - Need to reduce facility load to retain AAG funding

Town Halls and Other Sessions

- AAPF Symposium; Saturday/Sunday
- 141: Dark Energy Camera & DES; Monday, 2 p.m.
- Proposing for NRAO instruments; Tuesday 12:30 p.m.
- 221: TMT Town Hall; Tuesday, 12:45 p.m.
- 242: NRAO Town Hall; Tuesday, 6:30 p.m.
- Gemini Open House; Tuesday, 6:30 p.m.
- 304: Demographic Studies and AAS; Wednesday, 10 a.m.
- 317: Time Domain, LSST, Transients; Wednesday, 10 a.m.
- 320: CAA Town Hall; Wednesday, 12:45 p.m.
- Policy, F. Fleming Crim, NSF MPS AD; Wednesday, 3:40 p.m.
- 342: ESO Present and Future; Wednesday, 7 p.m.
- 419: GMT Town Hall; Thursday, 12:45 p.m.
- **420:** Transforming NOAO; Thursday, 12:45 p.m.